

Connect

Lab:

From Development to Deployment: Securing The Software Supply Chain with

Red Hat OpenShift





Setting the Scene...

(less than 10mins. I hope...)



Software supply chain attacks: a matter of when, not if

Ransom paid but a mere fraction to the overall downtime and recovery costs of a data breach

742%

average annual increase in software supply chain attacks over the past 3 years¹ 20%

data breaches are due to a compromised software supply chain²



78%

have initiatives to increase collaboration between DevOps and Security teams³ 92%

say enterprise open source solutions are important as their business accelerates to the open hybrid cloud⁴



Increased Government Regulations after several SSC attacks

- US Executive Order on Improving the Nation's <u>Cybersecurity</u>
- US Executive Order 14017 <u>America's Supply Chains</u>
- US Executive order 14018 <u>Improving the Nation's Cybersecurity</u>
- EU Network and Information Security 2 Directive
- Government willingness to enforce and fine executives ignoring SSC
 - SEC fines SolarWinds and CISO for concealing vulnerabilities
 - <u>Log4J vulnerability</u>



The Software Supply Chain





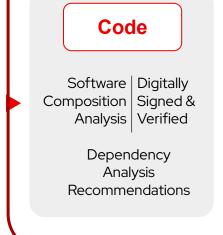
Give your developers the right tools

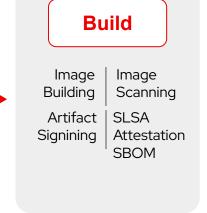
Application Libraries

Language Runtime

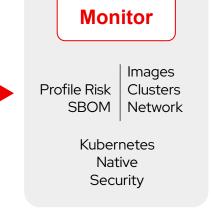
Universal Base Image

Provenance,
Attestation of
Curated Content







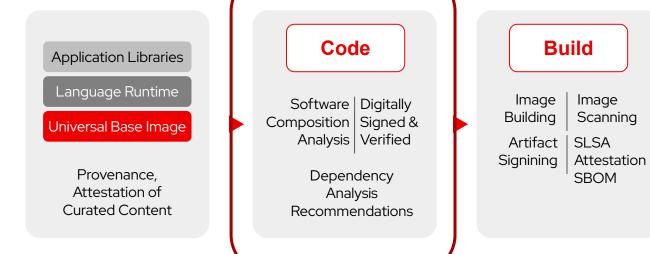


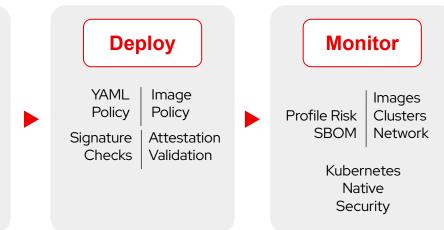


- Red Hat
 Trusted
 Artifact Signer
- Software composition analysis, dependency analysis, recommendations
- As report or as IDE Plugin
- "Keyless" signing and verification of artifacts
- Sign on commit (gitsign)
- Events are stored in tamper-proof ledger for verification
- Signature is tied to OIDC Identity (Keycloak, Google, GitHub,...)
- No need to manage signing keys



Give your developers the right tools



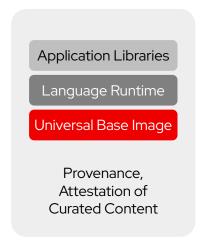




- IDP (Internal Developer Platform), based on Backstage.io
- Provides not only development templates and a developer-focused view on infrastructure, build systems, code repositories, etc but **in the TSSC context**:
- Security-related guardrails and automated build and deployment pipelines
- When using Red Hat Developer Hub (RHDH), developers can
 - o be onboarded easily to company security standards & procedures
 - start coding using security-focused coding templates
 without those security best practices and tools "standing in their way"



Augment and secure your build process (CI)



Code

Software Digitally
Composition Signed &
Analysis Verified

Dependency Analysis Recommendations

Build

Image | Image Building | Scanning Artifact | SLSA Signining | Attestation SBOM

Deploy

YAML Image
Policy Policy

Signature Attestation
Checks Validation

Monitor

Profile Risk Clusters SBOM Network

> Kubernetes Native Security

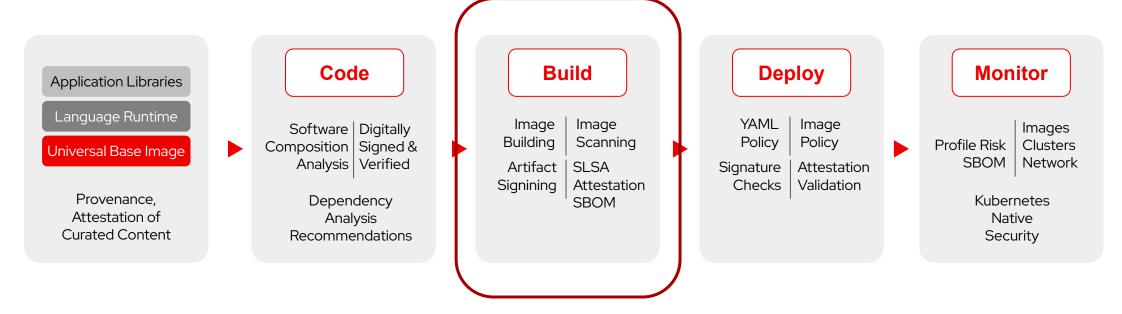




- Generate your SBOMs with e.g. OCycloneDX plugin during maven / gradle build or via SYFT, analyzing image layers (just two examples) and feed them into Trusted Profile Analyzer
- Sign your generated SBOMs with RH Trusted Artifact Signer
- Keyless verification against ledger that code has been signed and is authentic
- Sign your built artifacts
- Verify the integrity of the build platform (depends on Pipeline capabilities, works with e.g. Tekton/OpenShift Pipelines), providing attestations



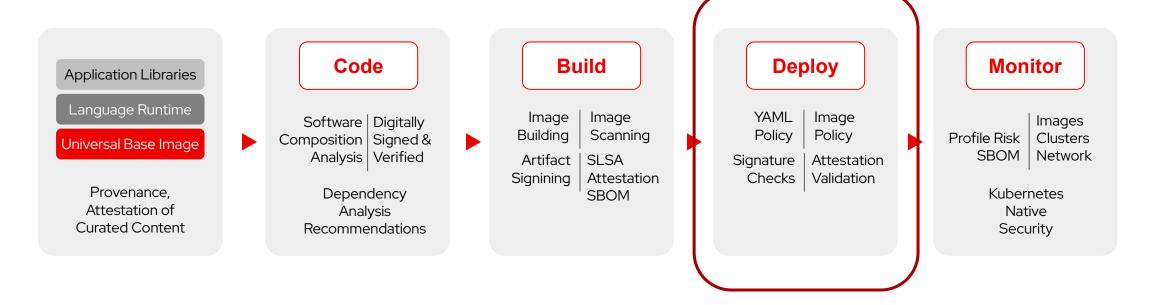
Augment and secure your build process (CI)



- Red I Quay
- Red Hat
 Advanced Cluster Security
 for Kubernetes
- Secure image registry. Also stores image related signatures, attestations and SBOMs
- Continuous image scanning (no pipeline run or other action required)
- Policy-based image scanning (e.g. no log4j allowed)
- Policy-based deployment scanning (e.g. have resources and limits been set according to policy, etc)



Augment and secure your deployment process (CD)

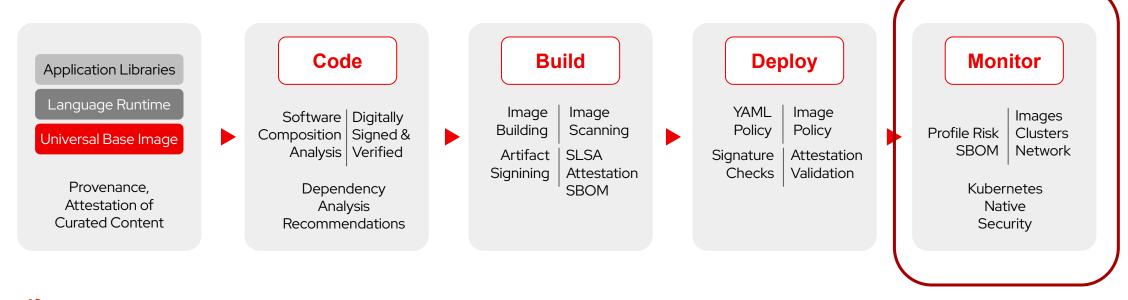




- Only allow propagation / deployment of signed and verified build artifacts (keyless verification)
- Sign test results from automated testing frameworks to provide audit trail
- Use <u>Enterprise Contract</u> (EC) to validate attestations (has it really been built on the secure build system or on someone's laptop?)



Manage your Security Posture and monitor your platform



- Red Hat

 Trusted Profile

 Analyzer
- Red Hat
 Advanced Cluster Security
 for Kubernetes

- Ingest and manage SBOMs and VEXs from your own build process and 3rd parties
- Analyze CVE impact (where am I using library xyz in my own or 3rd party code/apps, is it relevant in my context)
- Manage Risk, improve your security posture
- Ensure policy compliance across clusters, especially production. "Don't run xyz (e.g. log4j, struts, etc)" regardless where it came from/how it was deployed.
- Networking: Are namespaces hardened, properly isolated and locked down? Don't let a
 3rd party vulnerability impact other namespaces.

 Red Hat

Red Hat Developer Hub - Empowering engineering to deliver business value faster

A renewed developer experience

Single pane of glass to increase engineering productivity.

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Self-service with guardrails for cloud-native development and security.



Best practices with **GitOps** and automation.

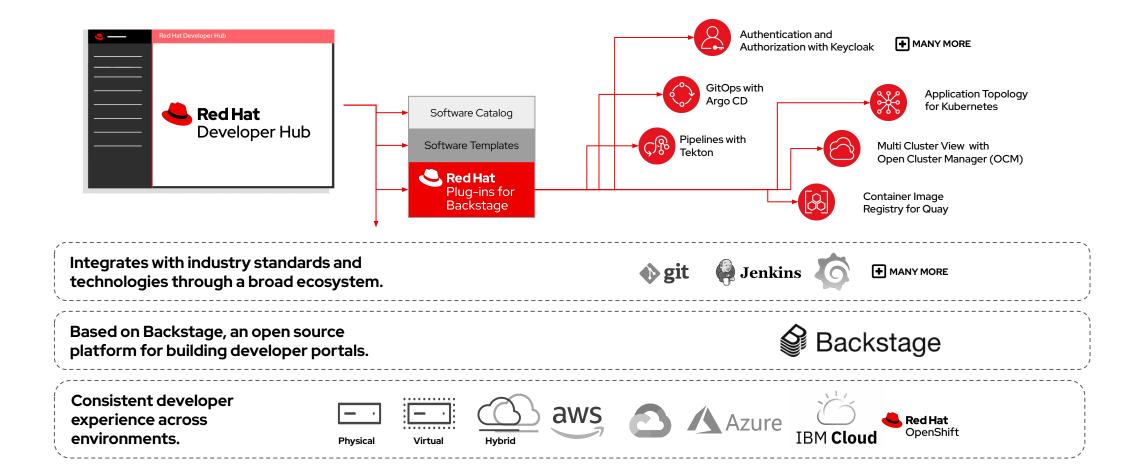


Real-time view of application and infrastructure health & security.





Red Hat Developer Hub - Empowering engineering to deliver business value faster

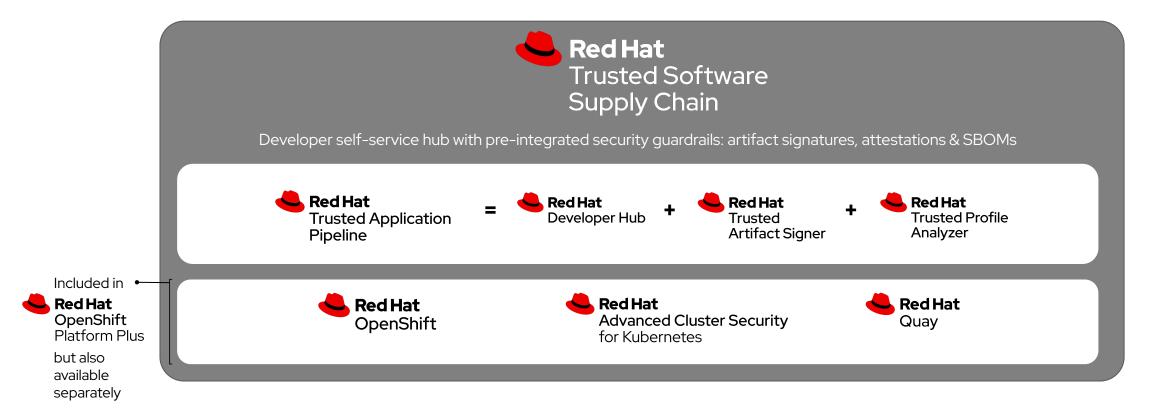


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Accelerate Innovation that Safeguards User Trust

Delivered with integrated security guardrails at every phase of the software development lifecycle





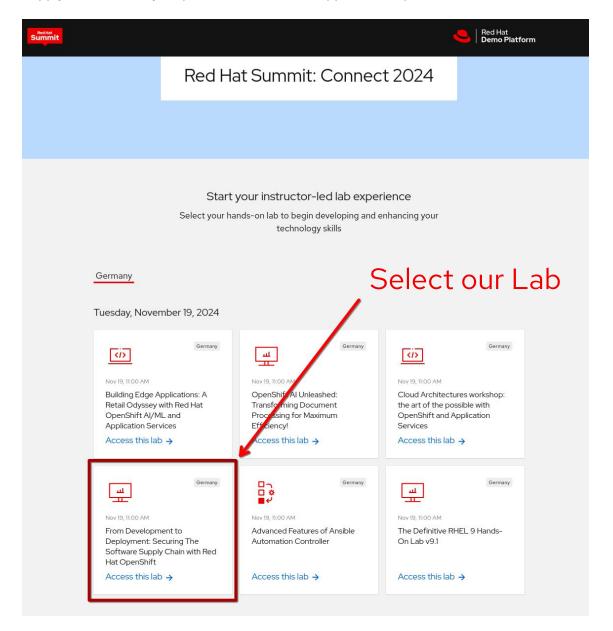


Connect

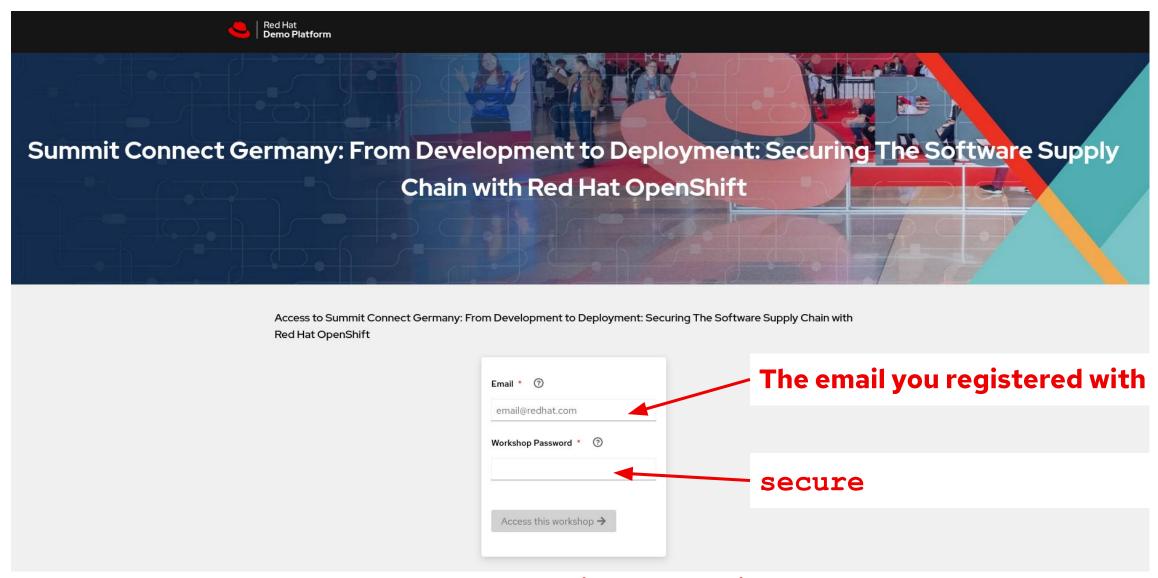
Launch Firefox Chrome and go to https://summit.demo.redhat.com



Supply Chain Security - OpenShift and Trusted Application Pipeline











Lab Guide

self-paced



Contents

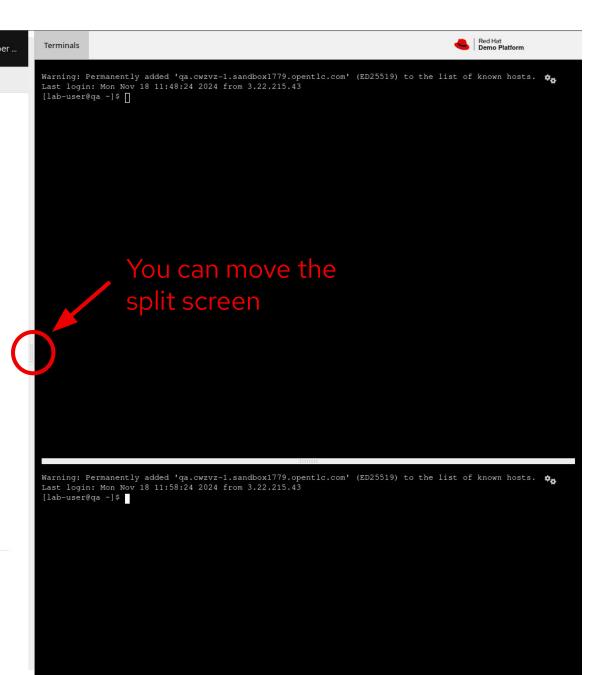
Introduction to the Workshop
Chapter 1: A Day in the Life of a New Developer
Chapter 2: Tightrope Walking without a Net
Chapter 3: Red Hat Trusted Application Pipeline to the Rescue
Workshop Challenge Overview
Presentation (30 mins)
Introduction to Red Hat Developer Hub (RHDH)
Understanding Security Tools
Integration into Red Hat Trusted Application Pipeline (RH TAP)
Hands-on Activity (1 hr 15 mins)
Scenario Setup
Conclusion

This workshop focuses on the critical integration of security practices into the development and deployment processes using Red Hat OpenShift and a suite of Red Hat security tools. It highlights the necessity of embedding security early in the development lifecycle, known as "shifting left." It guides participants through hands-on activities that transition from non-secure to secure development pipelines.

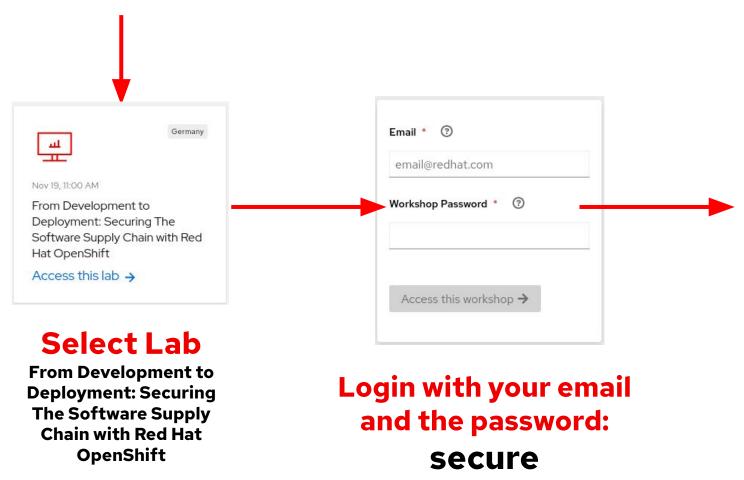
Introduction to the Workshop

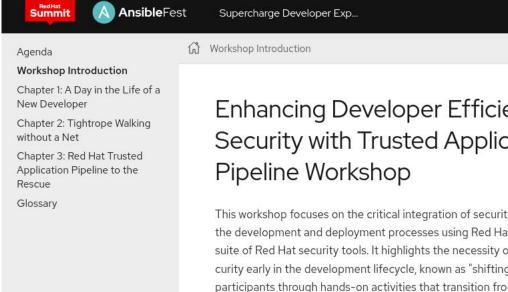
Welcome to an engaging session where integrating security into the development and deployment practices is discussed theoretically and applied practically. This workshop showcases the Red Hat Developer Hub (RHDH) and its significance in enhancing the developer experience through a centralized platform for resources, documentation, and tools.

Participants will journey through the transformation from a non-secure to a secure



https://summit.demo.redhat.com





secure development pipelines.

Follow the lab guide in your personalized "Showroom"

We're here to help, unstuck you and answer your questions





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Thank you



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youtube.com/user/RedHatVideos



twitter.com/RedHat







Jetzt Session bewerten!

Einfach QR-Code scannen, Session wählen und bewerten.

Vielen Dank!

red.ht/rhsc24-de-s6

